

viridi. Antennæ quatuor setaceæ, longitudine corporis. Corpus segmentis duodecim, ultimo planiusculo, ovato, integro. Cauda exserta, stylis sex acutis, integris. Abdomen subtus foliatum. Pedes 14. subequales.

“*Ceti*. 16. O. ovalis, segmentis distinctis, pedibus tertii quartique paris linearibus, muticis. *Linn. Syst. Nat.* 11. 1060. 6, *Fn. Sv.* 2056: *Mus. A. F.* 1. 89. Habitat in Balaenis. Ab hoc genere differre videtur mihi haud rite notus.”

Among the Antliata the definition of *Pediculus* is as follows:—“184. *Pediculus*. Os haustello atque proboscide. *Haustellum* retractile, recurvum. *Antennæ* subulatae.” Under this genus, on p. 810, though, as will be seen, with doubts, he retains the confusion which Linnæus had introduced between Martens' whale-louse and Brünnich's *Pycnogonum*, in the following entry:—“*Balænarum*. 35. P? abdomine dilatato, muricato, rostro porrecto, subulato.

“*Phalangium balænarum*, *Linn. Syst. Nat.* 11. 1028. 6.

“*Pediculus ceti*, *Mart. Spitz.*, 85, Tab. Q. fig. d.

“*Pediculus ceti*, *Bast. subs. v. 2. tab.* [pars] 3. 146. [156] tab. 12. fig. 3.

“*Phalangium littorale*, *Stroem. Søndm.*, 209. tab. 1. fig. 17.

“*Pycnogonum*, Brünnich. *Ins.* tab. 1. fig. 17.

“Habitat in Oceano Norwegico.

“*Hujus generis videtur mihi haud rite notus.*”

Cystisoma neptuni, Guérin, 1842, which had anticipated *Thaumops pellucida*, Willemoes-Suhm, must obviously itself yield priority to *Oniscus spinosus*, Fabr., above-described.

1776. PALLAS, P. S.

Reise durch verschiedene Provinzen des Russischen Reichs. Dritter Theil. Vom Jahr. 1772, und 1773. St. Petersburg, 1776.

On page 709 he describes *Oniscus muricatus*—“*Magnitudo* fere *Squillæ vulgaris*, sed conformatio quæ *Oniscis squilliformibus* reliquis. *Segmenta* corporis septem, caudæ tria priora utrinque ad dorsum aculeo conico mucronata. *Pedes* 4 priores cheliferi, primi minores. *Cauda* stylis sex terminata, quorum duo medii breviores, crassioresque. *Color* vivi cinerascens-albidus; siccati, cocti vel a liquore spirituo conditi coccineus. In Angara inferiore circa morticina et quisquilias aquæ injectas colligitur copiose.” He appends a note that a description of this species is to be found in the ninth fasciculus of the *Spicil. Zool.*, p. 52, but that the figure there is not a good one, in particular the dorsal spines being omitted. It seems therefore clear that *Oniscus cancellus* is here for some reason renamed. Herbst mentions that in the German translation of the *Spicilegia* *Oniscus cancellus* is called *Oniscus muricatus*.

1776. BOMARE, JACQUES CHRISTOPHE VALMONT DE, born 1731, died 1807 (Hagen).

Dictionnaire raisonné universel d'histoire naturelle, &c., &c. Troisième Edition, revue et considérablement augmentée par l'Auteur. Tome Septième. A Lyon, M.DCC.LXXVI.

Under “*Pou de Baleine, pediculus ceti*,” p. 314, will be found an account, not of *Cyamus*, but of a Cirripede, probably *Coronula diadema*. It is “un animal testacée, commun dans les mers du Nord.” “Quand on presse avec les doigts ce coquillage encore vivant, il répand une liqueur noirâtre. Sa tête ne se montre guère à découvert; elle est presque toujours cachée sous son enveloppe pierreuse.” “Cette coquille est percée dans le milieu d'un trou rond; divisée en plusieurs cellules étroites et profondes.” Nevertheless a reference is given