REPORT ON THE RADIOLARIA.

Synopsis of the Genera of Podocyrtida.

	34			Wings arising from the thorax,	582.	Pterocorys:
		No free ex- ternal appen- dages on the abdomen.	Three wings of the thorax - solid.	Three ribs enclosed in the wall of the thorax, . Wings arising free	583.	The opilium.
				from the collar stricture,	584.	${\it Corocalyptron}.$
I. Subfamily	A. Three free limbsorwings on the thorax		Three wings of the thorax latticed.	Wings not prolonged into the cephalis,	585.	Dictyoceras.
Theopilida. (Podocyrtida aperta.)	(partly also on the abdo- men).			Wings prolonged into the cephalis,	586.	Pteropilium.
Terminal mouth	11011).		Three ribs pro-	Ribs and feet solid,	587.	Theopodium.
of the shell a simple wide opening.		Free appendages on the abdomen.	three termi- nal feet.	Ribs and feet lat- ticed,	588.	Pterocanium.
			wings on the		589.	Pterocodon.
			merous termi- nal feet.	Wings and feet latticed,	590 .	Dictyocodon.
	Abdomen with three ribs and three feet, .				591.	Pleuropodium.
	B. Free appendages not on the thorax, only on the		nout lateral ribs, erminal feet.	Three feet solid, simple, Three feet solid,	592.	Podocyrtis.
	abdomen.	with three t		ramified,	593.	Thyrsocyrtis.
	l	l		Three feet latticed,	594.	Dictyopodium,
	Three lateral wings only on the thorax, Wings solid, Wings latticed, Three lateral wings beginning from the thorax and prolonged into the abdomen,				595.	Lithornithium.
II. Subfamily Theoperida.					596.	Sethornithium.
(Podocyrtida clausa.)					597.	Theopera.
Terminal mouth of the shell closed by a lattice-plate.	Three wings		haped, with three	No horn on the basal pole,	598.	Rhopalocanium.
	Three wings only on the abdomen.	men.		Basal pole of the shell with a horn,	599.	Rhopalatractus.
		Shell three-sided pyramidal, with three ter feet on the basal corners,			600.	Lithochytris.

Subfamily 1. Theopilida, Haeckel, Prodromus, p. 435.

Definition.—Podocyrtida with the terminal mouth of the shell open (vel Tricyrtida triradiata aperta).