

*Synopsis of the Genera of the Porodiscida*—continued.

5. Subfamily  
Euchitonida.  
Margin of the disk with radial chambered arms (or hollow chambered appendages), on the distal end of the arms with or without solid radial spines.

Two arms, opposite in one main axis.	Two arms simple, undivided.	Without a patagium, . . With a patagium, . .	223. <i>Amphibrachium</i> .
	Two arms forked (or one simple, otherforked).		224. <i>Amphymenium</i> . 225. <i>Amphirrhopalum</i> . 226. <i>Amphicraspedum</i> .
Three arms (either regular, equal, or bilateral, with unequal arms).	Three arms simple, undivided.	Without a patagium, . . With a patagium, . .	227. <i>Dictyastrum</i> . 228. <i>Rhopalastrum</i> .
	Three arms forked.		229. <i>Hymeniastrum</i> . 230. <i>Euchitonaria</i> .
Four arms (either regular, with four equal crossed arms, or bilateral, with paired arms).	Either regular or bilateral.	Without a patagium, . . With a patagium, . .	231. <i>Chitonastrum</i> . 232. <i>Trigonastrum</i> .
	Four arms simple, undivided.		233. <i>Stauralastrum</i> . 234. <i>Hagiastrum</i> .
Five arms (equal or unequal).	With a terminal patagial girdle, . .	Regular, . . Bilateral, . .	235. <i>Histiastrum</i> . 236. <i>Tesserastrum</i> .
	Four arms forked.		237. <i>Stephanastrum</i> .
Six arms (equal or unequal).	Without a patagium, . .	Regular, . . Bilateral, . .	238. <i>Dicrastrastrum</i> . 239. <i>Myelastrum</i> .
	Five arms simple, undivided.		240. <i>Pentalastrum</i> . 241. <i>Pentinastrum</i> .
Six arms simple, undivided.	Five arms forked.	Without a patagium, . .	242. <i>Pentophiastrum</i> .
	Without a patagium, . .		243. <i>Hexalastrum</i> . 244. <i>Hexinastrum</i> .

## Subfamily 1. ARCHIDISCIDA, Haeckel.

*Definition.*—Porodiscida with a simple spherical or lenticular latticed central chamber, surrounded by a single concentric latticed ring, which is divided by radial beams into two to six or more radial chambers.