the distal end, with two or three short irregular branches of unequal size and form; branches much shorter than the undivided basal part of the tube, Mouth of the branches narrowed, truncated. Pores of the shell between the tubes about half as broad, irregularly roundish or polygonal, two to three times as broad as their bars. Ten to twelve pores in the half meridian of the shell.

Dimensions.—Diameter of the shell 0.05 to 0.07, of the pores 0.006 to 0.009; length of the tubules 0.06 to 0.09, breadth of them 0.015 to 0.02.

Habitat.—Tropical Central Pacific, Station 271, depth 2425 fathoms.

3. Caminosphæra dichotoma, n. sp. (Pl. 7, fig. 2).

Shell spherical, with a variable number (ten to fifteen) of cylindrical tubes, irregularly scattered, about as long as the radius of the shell. Every tube furcated, with two cylindrical branches of the same size as the simple basal part of the tube. Mouth of the branches dilated, funnel-like, twice as broad as the tube; the edges irregularly dentated or lacerated. Pores between the tubes small, one-third to one-sixth as broad as these, half as broad as their bars. Ten to twelve pores in the half meridian of the shell.

Dimensions.—Diameter of the shell 0.12 to 0.14, of the pores 0.003 to 0.005; length of the tubules 0.06 to 0.08, breadth of them 0.02 to 0.03.

Habitat.—Southern Pacific, Station 295, depth 1500 fathoms.

4. Caminosphæra dendrophora, n. sp. (Pl. 7, fig, 1).

Shell spherical, with a variable number (eight to twelve) of long cylindrical tubes, irregularly branched and scattered, nearly as long as the diameter of the shell. Every tube with two to six (commonly three to four) branches of different sizes. Mouth of the branches dilated, funnel-like; the edges irregularly dentated or lacerated. Pores between the tubes half as broad as these, irregularly roundish, twice as broad as their bars. Ten to twelve pores in the half meridian of the shell.

Dimensions.—Diameter of the shell 0.12 to 0.15, of the pores 0.006 to 0.01; length of the tubules 0.1 to 0.13, breadth of them 0.02 to 0.025.

Habitat.—Central Pacific, Station 266, depth 2750 fathoms.

Genus 40. Solenosphæra, n. gen.

Definition.—Collosphærida with simple shells, the pores of which are prolonged into external simple radial tubuli with fenestrated wall; outer mouth of the tubuli truncated, smooth.

The genus Solenosphæra differs from Siphonosphæra in the fenestration of the external radial tubes. A large number of shells, appertaining to this genus, were already described by Ehrenberg, and disposed in five different genera corresponding to the

¹ Solenosphæra = Sphere with tubules; σωλήν, σΦαίζα.