with a coronal of six to nine short and acute spines, not longer than the half diameter of the pore. No spines between the pores.

Dimensions.—Diameter of the shell 0.16 to 0.2, of the pores 0.02 to 0.03; length of the spines 0.008 to 0.012.

Habitat.—Færöe Channel (Gulf Stream), common. Expedition of H.M.S. "Triton," John Murray.

2. Chænicosphæra flosculenta, n. sp.

Shell spherical, with large circular or roundish pores of different size, three to six times as broad as the bars. Six to eight pores in the half meridian of the shell. Margin of every pore somewhat prominent, with a coronal of ten to twenty parallel acute spines of different length, the largest somewhat longer than the diameter of the pore. No spines between the pores.

Dimensions.—Diameter of the shell 0.12 to 0.15, of the pores 0.02 to 0.04; length of the spines 0.02 to 0.05.

Habitat.—Central Pacific, Station 272, depth 2600 fathoms.

Subgenus 2. Chænicosphærium.

Definition.—A coronal of spines only around the larger pores, not around the smaller.

3. Chanicosphara nassiterna, n. sp. (Pl. 8, fig. 3).

Shell spherical, with circular or roundish pores of very different size. The smaller pores very numerous, without coronal of spines, roundish, about as broad as the bridges. Twenty to thirty pores in the half meridian of the shell. Between them, irregularly scattered, a small number (eight to twelve) of very large circular pores, one-third to one-half as broad as the radius of the shell, armed with a coronal of six to nine parallel, straight, acute spines, about half as long as the radius of the shell.

Dimensions.—Diameter of the shell 0.1 to 0.13, of the smaller pores 0.002 to 0.004, of the larger armed pores 0.02 to 0.03; length of the spines 0.03 to 0.04.

Habitat.—Philippine Islands, Mindanao, Station 213, depth 2050 fathoms.

4. Chanicosphara flammabunda, n. sp. (Pl. 8, fig. 5).

Shell spherical, with circular or roundish pores of very different size. The smaller pores very numerous and unequal, very irregularly scattered, hardly one-fourth to one-half as broad as the bridges between them. Twelve to twenty-four pores in the half meridian of the shell. Between them, irregularly scattered, a variable number (ten to twenty) of very large circular pores, about one-fourth as broad as the radius of the shell. The margin of these large pores is armed with a very irregular coronal of four to twelve unequal, curved acute spines, partly simple, partly branched like