- 9. A very slender young specimen.
- 10. One of the calicles of the same.
- 11. Enlarged view of part of the surface of the same to show the striations.
- 12. An old and very massive specimen, much thickened by growth of coenenchym.
- 13. Mouth of one of the calicles of the same.

PLATE X.

- Fig. 1. Sphenophyllia flabellum. a Under surface of the same. b Mouth of the calicle. Locality unknown.
- Figs. 2, 3. Tridacophyllia cervicornis. Locality unknown.
 - 2. a The same, enlarged view into the mouth of the calicle. b Tip of one of the processes of the margin of the calicle, viewed from the inner surface to show the septa. c Back of the same process.
 - 3. A smaller specimen of the same coral. a View into the mouth of its calicle.
- Fig. 4. Astræa abyssorum. a Enlarged view of a calicle of the same. Arafura Sea.
 49 fathoms. At the foot of the plate the older term of MM. Milne-Edwards and Haime, Siderastræa, is printed by inadvertence.
- Fig. 5. Cladocora conferta. a Enlarged view of a calicle of the same. Off Samboangan, Mindanao, Philippines. 30 fathoms.
- Fig. 6. Cycloseris tenuis. a Under surface of the same. Off Tongatabu, Friendly Islands. 18 fathoms.
- Fig. 7. Neohelia porcellana. a Enlarged view of a calicle of the same. Off Api Island, New Hebrides. 63 fathoms.

PLATE XI.

- Figs. 1-13. Bathyactis symmetrica. A series from various localities to show the variations in size and form.
 - A large specimen, upper surface twice the natural size. α Under surface of the same. Lat. 46° 16′ S., long. 48° 27′ E. 1600 fathoms. 80 miles west of Hog Island, Crozet Islands.
 - 2. One of the largest specimens dredged. Lat. 36° 44' S., long. 46° 16' W. 2650 fathoms. South Atlantic Ocean, east of the Rio de la Plata.
 - Specimen showing a regular and symmetrical fusion of the upper margins of the inner parts of the septa as in *Deltocyathus*. Lat. 33° 31′ S., long. 74° 43′ W. 2160 fathoms. Between Juan Fernandez Island and Valparaiso.
 - 4. Deformed specimen, which has been fractured and was reunited. Lat.