

ENUMERATION OF THE PLANTS.

PHANEROGAMÆ.—DICOTYLEDONES.

POLYPETALÆ.

RANUNCULACEÆ.

Olematis spp.

BABAR AND LARAT.—The genus is generally dispersed in temperate and tropical regions, though less common in the latter. There are two imperfect specimens of apparently different species.

Naravelia zeylanica, DC.

Naravelia zeylanica, DC. ; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 2, p. 2 ; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., i. p. 7.

TIMOR LAUT.—India ; Himalayas and Eastern and Western Peninsulas ; also in China and Java. The genus is confined to Tropical Asia.

ANONACEÆ.

Popowia filipes, n. sp.

Arbor vel *frutex*, ramulis graciliusculis junioribus ferrugineo-tomentosis. *Folia* brevissime petiolata, subcoriacea, glabra, oblonga, 2–4 poll. longa, apice rotundata vel obtuse acuminata, basi inæqualia, venis utrinque inconspicuis. *Flores* subsolitarii, gracillime pedunculati, $1\frac{1}{2}$ –2 lineas longi, pedunculis 4–8 lineas longis. *Sepala* 3, brevissima, late triangularia, sparse puberula. *Petala* 6, inæqualia, 3 exteriora minuta, rotundata, obtuse acuminata, subpatentia, 3 interiora ovato-oblonga, valvatim conniventia, marginibus puberulis. *Stamina* circiter 12. *Ovaria* 6, glabra, fere sessilia, uniovulata, ovulo erecto. *Carpella* globosa, sicca vix 3 lineas diametro, brevissime stipitata.

ARROU. *Moseley*.

Popowia is a small genus widely dispersed in the tropics of the Old World.

MENISPERMACEÆ.

Anamirta cocculus, Wight. et Arnott.

Anamirta cocculus, Wight. et Arnott ; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., i. p. 98 ; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 2, p. 78.

KI ; TIMOR LAUT ; DAMMAR.—Eastern Bengal, Khasia Hills, and Assam, and from Concan and Orissa to Ceylon, as well as in the Malayan Islands.